TFW

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Date of Deposit: August 4, 2004

G. Peter Nichols, Reg. No. 34,401

Name of Applicant, Assignee for Registered Representative

Signature



Our File No. 10908/7

### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:

Schaekers et al.

Serial No.

10/734,090

Filing Date:

December 11, 2003

For

SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE

OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE

PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE

**METALS** 

# SUBMISSION OF CERTIFIED COPY OF PRIORITY DOCUMENTS

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Transmitted herewith is a certified copy of the following priority documents for the above-named U.S. application:

- 1. PCT Application No. PCT/ZA02/00097, filed June 5, 2002
- 2. South African Provisional Patent Application No. 2001/4793, filed June 13, 2001.

Respectfully 9ubmitted

G. Peter Nichols

Registration No. 34,401 Attorney for Applicants

BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE P.O. BOX 10395 CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60610 (312) 321-4200

In the United States Postal Service as first class glail, sufficient posted Invalor Welope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P. O. Box 459, Intervandia VI 22013-1: on the below date:  Date: August 4, 2004 Name: G. Peter Nichols Signature:  IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OF In re Appln. of: Schaekers et al.  Appln. No.: 10/734,090 Examiner:  Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	FICE	BRINK HOFE GILSO &LION assigned		
I hereby control that this constrondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as fist class plail, sufficient posted (IAA) welope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P. O. Box 1459. Arexandia, VI 22313-1 on the below date:  Date: August 4, 2004 Name: G. Peter Nichols Signature:  IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OF In re Appln. of: Schaekers et al.  Appln. No.: 10/734,090 Examiner:  Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	FICE	HOFE GILSO &LION		
I hereby control that this consondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as \$15 class glail, sufficient postal Plant Welope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P. O. Box 1459. Frexanglia, V9 22313-1. on the below date:  Date: August 4, 2004 Name: G. Peter Nichols Signature:  IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OF  In re Appln. of: Schaekers et al.  Appln. No.: 10/734,090 Examiner:  Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE  COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE  OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE  PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	FICE	GILSO &LION		
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OF In re Appln. of: Schaekers et al.  Appln. No.: 10/734,090 Examiner: Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	not yet			
In re Appln. of: Schaekers et al.  Appln. No.: 10/734,090 Examiner:  Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	not yet	assigned		
Filed: December 11, 2003 Art Unit:  For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	•	assigned		
For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE	1625			
COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF GROUPS OF BASE				
METALS	For: SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE COMPRISING SUBSTITUTED IMIDAZOLE OR BENZIMIDAZOLE FOR THE			
Attorney Docket No: 10908/7				
Commissioner for Patents				
P. O. Box 1450 TRANSMIT	ΤΔ1			
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450	.,			
Sir:				
Attached is/are:				
Submission of Certified Copy of Priority Documents; Priority Documents (2); and				
⊠ Return Receipt Postcard				
Fee calculation:				
No additional fee is required.				
Small Entity.				
An extension fee in an amount of \$ for amonth extension of time under 3	37 C.F.R.	§ 1.136(a).		
A petition or processing fee in an amount of \$ under 37 C.F.R. § 1.17().				
An additional filing fee has been calculated as shown below:				
An additional filing fee has been calculated as shown below:  Small Entity	Not a Si	mall Entity		
Claims Remaining Highest No. Present Small Entity				
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Present Extra Rate Add'l Fee or	Rate	Mall Entity Add'l Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Present Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus X \$9=	Rate x \$18=			
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Present Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus X \$9= Indep. Minus X 43=	Rate			
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Present Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus	Rate x \$18= x \$86=	Add'l Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'I Fee or X \$9= Indep. Minus X 43=  First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim Total \$	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290=	Add'l Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Highest No. Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus Strict Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim Total \$  First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim Small Entity Rate Add'l Fee or x \$9=	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290=	Add'l Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus X \$9= Indep. Minus X \$43= First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim +\$145= Total \$  Fee payment:  A check in the amount of \$ is enclosed.  Please charge Deposit Account No. 23-1925 in the amount of \$ . A copy of this for this purpose.	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290= Total	Add'I Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'I Fee or Total Minus	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290= Total	Add'I Fee		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus x \$9= Indep. Minus x 43= First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim +\$145= Total \$  Fee payment:  A check in the amount of \$ is enclosed.  Please charge Deposit Account No. 23-1925 in the amount of \$ . A copy of this for this purpose.  Payment by credit card in the amount of \$ (Form PTO-2038 is attached).  The Director is hereby authorized to charge payment of any additional filing fees requand any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR § 1.17 associated with extension fee required to ensure that this paper is timely filed) of to credit any Account No. 23-1925.	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290= Total  Transmitt	\$ al is enclose r 37 CFR § 1 r (including a		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus X \$9= Indep. Minus X 43= First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim +\$145= Total \$  Fee payment:  A check in the amount of \$ is enclosed.  Please charge Deposit Account No. 23-1925 in the amount of \$ . A copy of this for this purpose.  Payment by credit card in the amount of \$ (Form PTO-2038 is attached).  The Director is hereby authorized to charge payment of any additional filing fees requand any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR § 1.17 associated with extension fee required to ensure that this paper is timely filed) or to credit any	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290= Total  Transmitt	\$ al is enclose r 37 CFR § 1 r (including a		
Claims Remaining After Amendment Previously Paid For Extra Rate Add'l Fee or Total Minus x \$9= Indep. Minus x 43= First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim +\$145= Total \$  Fee payment:  A check in the amount of \$ is enclosed.  Please charge Deposit Account No. 23-1925 in the amount of \$ . A copy of this for this purpose.  Payment by credit card in the amount of \$ (Form PTO-2038 is attached).  The Director is hereby authorized to charge payment of any additional filing fees requand any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR § 1.17 associated with extension fee required to ensure that this paper is timely filed) of to credit any Account No. 23-1925.	Rate x \$18= x \$86= + \$290= Total  Transmitt	\$ al is enclose r 37 CFR § 1 r (including a		

# Sertifikaat

REPUBLIEK VAN SUID AFRIKA



# Certificate

REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

PATENT KANTOOR DEPARTEMENT VAN HANDEL EN NYWERHEID

PATENT OFFICE DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY

Hiermee word gesertifiseer dat This is to certify that

the documents annexed hereto are true copies of:

PCT Application No. PCT/ZA02/00097as originally filed with the South African Receiving Office on 05 June 2002 in the name of BILLITON SA LIMITED for an invention entitled: "SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF BASE METALS."

# CERTIFIED COPY OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

ieteken te
PRETORIA
Tiped at

in die Republiek van Suid-Afrika, hierdie

in the Republic of South Africa, this

dag var

June 2004

Registrar of Patents

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**PCT REQUEST** 

1/5

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

INT1057

0	For receiving Office use only			
0-1	International Application No.	PSI/ZA02/00097		
0-2	International Filing Date	2002 -06- 0 5 8 5 JUN 2001		
0-3	Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"	SAPTO		
0-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 PCT Request			
0 <del>-4</del> 0-4-1	Prepared using			
0-4-1	Prepared using	PCT-EASY Version 2.92		
		(updated 01.01.2002)		
0-5	Petition	•		
	The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty			
0-6	Receiving Office (specified by the applicant)	South African Patents and Trade Marks Office (RO/ZA)		
0-7	Applicant's or agent's file reference	INT1057		
1	Title of invention	SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE FOR THE		
Ii	Applicant	PURIFICATION OF BASE METALS		
	1 ''			
II-1	This person is:	applicant only		
II-2	Applicant for	all designated States except US		
II-4	Name	BILLITON SA LIMITED		
11-5	Address:	200 Hans Strijdom Drive		
		2194 Randburg		
		South Africa		
II-6	State of nationality	ZA		
11-7	State of residence	ZA		
11-8	Telephone No.	+27 11 792-7090		
II-9	Facsimile No.	+27 11 792-7097		
III-1	Applicant and/or inventor			
III-1-1	This person is:	applicant and inventor		
III-1-2	Applicant for	US only		
III-1-4	Name (LAST, First)	SCHAEKERS, Jozef, Marie		
III-1-5	Address:	c/o 200 Hans Strijdom Drive		
		Randburg		
		2125 South Africa		
		South Africa		
	1			
III-1 <i>-</i> 6	State of nationality	ZA		

REGISTRAR OF PATENTS DESIGNS, TRADE MARKS AND COPYRIGHT

2002 -06- 06

REGISTRATEUR VAN PATENTE, MODELLE, HANDELSMERKS EN OUTEURSREG

INT1057

# **PCT REQUEST**

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

III-2	Applicant and/or inventor		
III-2-1	This person is:	applicant and inventor	
III <b>-</b> 2-2	Applicant for	US only	
111-2-4	Name (LAST, First)	DU PREEZ, Jan, Gysbert, Hermanus	
111-2-5	Address:	c/o University of Port Elizabeth	
		6000 Port Elizabeth	
		South Africa	
III-2-6	State of nationality	ZA	
III <b>-</b> 2-7	State of residence	ZA	
IV-1	Agent or common representative; or		
	address for correspondence The person identified below is		
	hereby/has been appointed to act on	agent	
	behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as:		
IV-1-1	Name	MCCALLUM RADEMEYER & FREIMOND	
IV-1-2	Address:	PO Box 1130	
		7 Maclyn House	
		Bordeaux	
		2125 Randburg	
		South Africa	
IV-1-3	Telephone No.	+27 11 789-1046	
IV-1-4	Facsimile No.	+27 11 787-4516	
IV-2	Additional agent(s)	agent	
IV-2-1	Name (LAST, First)	RADEMEYER, Montague, Ampie, John	
IV-2-2	Address:	PO Box 1130	
		7 Maclyn House	
		Bordeaux	
		2125 Randburg	
		South Africa	
IV-2-3	Telephone No.	+27 11 789-1046	
IV-2-4	Facsimile No.	+27 11 787-4516	

# **PCT REQUEST**

INT1057

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

Regional Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)   AP: GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT	V	Designation of States	1
and of the PCT  EA: AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT  EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CACALIC NC OC CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NO OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations and that any designation which is not confirmation and that any designation of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule is to be regarded as withfrawn by the applicant and the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Excusion(s) from precautionary designations application facility of the priority claim of earlier national application.  NONE	V-1	(other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s)	ZW and any other State which is a
other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT  EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations which would be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations VI-1-1 Finity and the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of 15 months from the priority claim of earlier national application VI-1-1 Finity claim of earlier national application VI-1-1 Number  OAD THE EUROPE AT THE AT AU ALZ BA BB		concerned)	
of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT  EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) Concerned)  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB DG EG HG MH R HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations (a) of the State(s) indicated under items V-6 below The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations  Wi-1-1 Fining date  13 June 2001 (13.06.2001)  None			EA: AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM and any
the PCT EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR TE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  V-3 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) ail designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) of the State(s) indicated under tem V-6 betwork the applicant declares that those additional declares that the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations  V-7 In Priority claim of earlier national application  V-8 In Exclusion (s) In the protection of			other State which is a Contracting State
EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR  IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR  IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR  NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which would be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation in that time limit.  V-7-1 Priority claim of earlier national application  V-1-1 Priority claim of earlier national application  INONE			of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of
IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LE LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCI except any designations are subject to confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation Filing date  13 June 2001 (13.06.2001)  13 June 2001 (13.06.2001)			
State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of the PCT  V:2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH6LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC DE DK DM DZ EC DK D			
the European Patent Convention and of the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT  V-2  National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5  Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations and under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant also makes under Rule 1.  V-6  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation of that time limit.  V-6  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation of that time limit.  V-6  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant and that any designation of that time limit.  V-7  Priority claim of earlier national application of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant and that any designation of that time limit.  V-7  Priority claim of earlier national application of the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant and the expiration of that time limit.  V-8  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation of that time limit.  V-8  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designation from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the appli			
the PCT  OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR  NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of the PCT  V-2  National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5  Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant declares that those additional designation of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant at the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations  Priority claim of earlier national application filling date  13 June 2001 (13.06.2001)  NONE			
OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR  NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of the PCT  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC CA CH&LI CN CO CZ CU CZ DZ DX DM DZ EC CA CH&LI CN CO CZ CU CZ DZ DX D			_
V-2 National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  V-5 Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6 Except any designations V-1-1-2 Number  Nomber  Nomber  National Patent (other Kinds of OAPI and a Contracting State of OAPI and A T AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC DK DM DZ			
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(other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned)  CA CH&LI CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ST I GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ZW  V-5  Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit.  V-6  Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations  NONE  T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T			l ====================================
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VI-1-3 Country ZA		Number	2001/4793
	VI-1-3	Country	ZA

# **PCT REQUEST**

INT1057

# Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

VI-2	Priority document request		
	The receiving Office is requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s):	VI-1	
VII-1	International Searching Authority Chosen	European Patent Offi	ce (EPO) (ISA/EP)
VIII	Declarations	Number of declarations	
VIII-1	Declaration as to the identity of the inventor	-	
VIII-2	Declaration as to the applicant's entitlement, as at the international filing date, to apply for and be granted a patent	-	
VIII-3	Declaration as to the applicant's entitlement, as at the international filing date, to claim the priority of the earlier application	-	
VIII-4	Declaration of inventorship (only for the purposes of the designation of the United States of America)	-	
VIII-5	Declaration as to non-prejudicial disclosures or exceptions to lack of novelty	-	
IX	Check list	number of sheets	electronic file(s) attached
IX-1	Request (including declaration sheets)	5	-
IX-2	Description	15	-
IX-3	Claims	3	-
IX-4	Abstract	1	EZABST00.TXT
IX-5	Drawings	6	-
IX-7	TOTAL	30	
	Accompanying items	paper document(s) attached	electronic file(s) attached
IX-8	Fee calculation sheet	<b>√</b>	-
IX-17	PCT-EASY diskette	-	Diskette
IX-19	Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract	6	
IX-20	Language of filing of the international application	English	
X-1	Signature of applicant, agent or common representative	MI/ Kade	
X-1-1	Name	MCCALLOM RADEMEYER &	FREIMOND
X-1-2	Name of signatory	M.A.J. Rademeyer	
X-1-3	Capacity	Agent	

# FOR RECEIVING OFFICE USE ONLY

10-1	Date of actual receipt of the purported international application	2002 -06- 0 5	0-5-JUN-2001-
10-2	Drawings:		
10-2-1	Received		of the state of th
10-2-2	Not received		<i>)</i> ,

5/5

# **PCT REQUEST**

INT1057

# Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

10-3	Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application			
10-4	Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2)			
10-5	International Searching Authority	ISA/EP		
10-6	Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid			

# FOR INTERNATIONAL BUREAU USE ONLY

11-1	Date of receipt of the record copy by	
	the International Bureau	

PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)
Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

(This sheet is not part of and does not count as a sheet of the international application)

0	For receiving Office use only			
0-1	International Application No.	PET/ZAO 2	/00097	
0-2	Date stamp of the receiving Office	2002 -06- 0 5	4 5 JUN 2801	
0-4	Form PCT/DO/404 (Amana)	· 	77	
U-4	Form - PCT/RO/101 (Annex) PCT Fee Calculation Sheet			
0-4-1	Prepared using	PCT-EASY Vers	ion 2.92	
		(updated 01.0	1.2002)	
0-9	Applicant's or agent's file reference	<del></del>	INT1057	
2	Applicant	BILLITON SA LIMITED, et al.		
12 .	Calculation of prescribed fees	fee amount/multiplier	Total amounts (ZAR)	
12-1	Transmittal fee	<del></del>	500	
12-2-1	Search fee S			
12-2-2	International search to be carried out by		7,570	
		EP		
12-3	International fee			
	Basic fee	·		
	(first 30 sheets) b1	3,560		
12-4	Remaining sheets	0		
12-5	Additional amount (X)	80		
12-6	Total additional amount b2			
12-7	b1 + b2 = B			
12-8	Designation fees	37300		
	Number of designations contained in international application	93		
12-9	Number of designation fees payable (maximum 5)	5		
12-10	Amount of designation fee (X)	770		
12-11	Total designation fees D	3,850		
12-12	PCT-EASY fee reduction R			
12-13	Total International fee (B+D-R)		6,320	
12-14	Fee for priority document	•	0,320	
	Number of priority documents requested	1		
12-15	Fee per document (X)	200		
12-16	Total priority document fee P	₽	200	
12-17	TOTAL FEES PAYABLE (T+S+I+P)	⇒	14,590	
12-19	Mode of payment	cheque		

# **VALIDATION LOG AND REMARKS**

2/2

# PCT (ANNEX - FEE CALCULATION SHEET)

Original (for SUBMISSION) - printed on 04.06.2002 05:27:01 PM

INT1057

13-2-7	Validation messages Contents	Yellow! The power of attorney or a copy of the general power of attorney will need to be furnished unless all applicants sign
		the request form.

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# SOLVENT EXTRACTION MIXTURE FOR THE PURIFICATION OF BASE METALS

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a mixture of organic compounds suitable for the solvent extraction-based separation and purification of base metals and associated impurities from weakly acidic sulphate solutions.

Hydrometallurgical methods to recover base metals from ores, concentrates or intermediates have increased in popularity due to the perceived reduced environmental impact in comparison with smelting operations. Their application is frequently hindered by the lack of suitable methods for the selective recovery of the metals of interest in a pure form.

Acidic sulphate solutions could be obtained by direct acid leaching of processing residues, ores or concentrates containing oxides and/or secondary sulphides of base metals. They could also be obtained by treating similar but more refractory materials by low pressure oxidation (Activox process), standard pressure oxidation or bioleaching of sulphides, or high temperature acid leaching of refractory oxide ores.

The resulting aqueous sulphate solution, which could also contain other anions such as chloride and nitrate, mostly contains the base metals Cu, Ni, Co, Zn, Cd and Pb, additional impurities such as Mn, Fe(II), Fe(III), and the alkaline earth metals Ca and Mg, their relative concentrations depending on the ore/intermediate being treated.

The removal of appreciable amounts of copper from such solutions can be effected by selective cementation with scrap iron or by solvent extraction (SX) with hydroxy-oxime based extractants (LIX-extractants). (1.2) In both instances, the presence of ferric ions in the leach solution will affect the efficiency of the downstream recovery process and its efficient removal is highly recommended but not always readily achieved, not even with hydroxy-oxime based extractants.

Pregnant solutions obtained by leaching zinc oxide ores or roasted sulphide concentrates or direct bioleaching of sulphides, are traditionally treated by a combination of neutralisation/precipitation and cementation to remove undesirable impurities such as Fe, Ni, Co, Cu, Cd and Pb before electrowinning (EW). (3-7) This is normally associated with appreciable losses of zinc. More recently, SX has also been

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used as a means of purifying the primary leach liquor with the added advantage that the zinc content of the pregnant liquor can be increased to suit subsequent EW requirements.

The preferred extractant appears to be di-2-ethyl hexyl phosphoric acid (DEHPA) 5, which is not very selective for zinc and tends to co-extract impurities such as Fe, Al, Pb, Cd and Ca if a raffinate with a low zinc content is required. (8,9)

Treatment of nickel/cobalt pregnant solutions tends to be more complicated. The main impurities in such solutions are typically Fe, Mn, Ca, Mg, Cu and, to a lesser extent, Zn. The separation of nickel and cobalt can readily be effected with a SX reagent such as bis (2,4,4-triethylpentyl)-phosphinic acid (CYANEX 272), but this does not offer the opportunity of removing impurities as required for the subsequent EW process. (10-13)

Various strategies have been developed to effect the purification and separation required to obtain high purity products in the form of salts, oxides or metals.

In the more traditional downstream treatment procedure, the weakly acidic sulphate solution is treated with sulphide to selectively precipitate the base metals and effect removal of other dissolved impurities, mainly Mn, Ca, Mg and other alkaline earth or alkali metals. (13-15) The main disadvantage of this option is that the precipitate needs to be redissolved by pressure oxidation before further purification and separation of cobalt and nickel can be considered.

In an alternative option, the base metals are precipitated as hydroxides by neutralising the solution with MgO or CaO. (16-21) The main advantage of this procedure is that the base metals in the precipitate can be re-leached in ammonia, ammonium sulphate or ammonium carbonate solutions at atmospheric pressure. The main disadvantage, in comparison with sulphide precipitation, is that rejection of manganese and the alkaline earth metals is less efficient as they tend to coprecipitate with the base metals. They are, however, largely insoluble during releaching but the presence of manganese tends to cause incomplete recovery of nickel and cobalt necessitating an additional strong acid leaching stage to prevent losses of these metals.

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Further potential solutions are based on SX only, eventually after removal of Fe, Al and Cr by neutralisation/precipitation.

In one proposed option, base metals are selectively extracted from strongly acidic solutions with a di-thiophosphinic acid commercial extractant (CYANEX 301) leaving 5. Ca, Mg and Mn in the raffinate. Subsequently, the base metals are stripped from the organic phase for further separation and purification. (22)

Other systems, under investigation or proposed, usually involve the use of a carboxylic acid (typically Versatic acid), a di-alkyl phosphoric acid (DEHPA) and CYANEX 272 in various configurations. (10-12,21) In these instances, Versatic acid is mainly used to remove the majority of Mn, Ca and Mg without major losses of base metals, but does not offer any possibility of separating any of the base metals. It also has the disadvantage of high water solubility at the elevated pH required for effective nickel/cobalt recovery.

Better rejection of the unwanted impurities, and especially calcium and manganese, can be obtained by adding a synergistic compound to the Versatic acid-containing extraction mixture with an associated reduced pH for effective nickel/cobalt extraction as an added advantage. (23-26) As an alternative, a second extraction can be done on the acidic solution, obtained by stripping the loaded Versatic acid mixture, with a DEHPA based extraction mixture to remove further amounts of calcium and manganese with the added advantage of also removing Zn, Pb, Cd and Cu if present. (26-27) However, the use of SX to remove trace amounts of impurities is usually not very cost effective. In addition, extreme care must be taken to avoid losses of nickel/cobalt during this step.

CYANEX 272 is typically used to separate cobalt and nickel, either before or after partly removing Ca, Mg and Mn impurities using Versatic acid mixtures. However, other base metals, if still present, are co-extracted and special techniques, such as selective stripping, are required to obtain an impurity free solution suitable to produce a high purity product.

From the preceding comments it is clear that an extraction mixture capable of simplifying the procedure to obtain purified base metal sulphate solutions, suitable to be converted to high purity products, will be of great benefit to the industry as it will reduce the complexity of the processes and the associated costs.

# **OBJECT OF THE INVENTION**

It is an object of the invention to provide a mixture of organic compounds which is suitable to be used as a solvent extractant mixture to treat acidic sulphate solutions and which is capable of:

- a) selectively rejecting unwanted impurities including manganese, lead, alkaline
   earth metals, alkali metals and ammonium ions;
  - b) selectively extracting groups of certain base metals by direct extraction or by differential stripping or by a combination of these; and
  - c) selectively removing single base metals by direct extraction or by differential stripping.

# 10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention provides an organic solvent extraction mixture which includes:

a) a first extractant, which is a substituted imidazole (Diagram 1) or benzimidazole (Diagram 2)

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Diagram 1

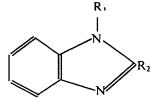


Diagram 2

and wherein the substituents are:

- $R_1$  = an organic group which:
  - is branched or unbranched;
  - is saturated or partly unsaturated;
  - contains aromatic groups or not;
  - is with or without other functional groups; or
  - is an esterified fatty acid group;

and wherein R<sub>1</sub> may have between 2 and 20 carbon atoms and preferably has between 6 and 15 carbon atoms;

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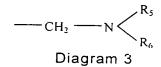
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- R<sub>3</sub> = a hydrogen atom or a short chain organic group with 1 or 2 carbon atoms, preferably hydrogen or a methyl group;
- $R_4$  = a hydrogen atom or a short chain organic group with 1 or 2 carbon atoms, preferably hydrogen or a methyl group;
- $R_2$  = a -2-pyridine group in which the pyridine group can be substituted or unsubstituted; or
  - = a -methylene-1-pyrazole group in which the pyrazole group can be substituted or unsubstituted; or
  - = an imidazole based group, which may be a mirror image of the compound shown in Diagram 1 or 2; or
  - = a methylene-amino group as shown in Diagram 3



and wherein

- $R_5$  = a hydrogen or a methyl group;
- $R_6$  = a hydrogen or an aliphatic group, branched or unbranched, containing between one and 10 carbon atoms; or
  - = a methylene-amino group (see Diagram 3) with one of the substituents being a hydrogen or a methyl group and the other a hydrogen or an aliphatic group, branched or unbranched, containing between one and 10 carbon atoms; or
  - = a -2-pyridine group in which the pyridine group can be substituted or unsubstituted; or
  - = a -methylene-1-pyrazole group in which the pyrazole group can be substituted or unsubstituted; or
  - = a 2-methyl imidazole based group which may be a mirror image of the compound shown in Diagram 1 or Diagram 2;
- b) a non-selective strongly acidic cation second extractant, such as a sulphonic acid (R-SO<sub>3</sub>H), to facilitate phase transfer of base metal ions from an aqueous weakly acidic sulphate solution into the organic phase, and wherein R is an aliphatic group, either saturated or unsaturated and branched or unbranched, an aromatic

organic group or a mixed group consisting of aliphatic and aromatic parts, with between 3 and 40 carbon atoms, preferably with between 8 and 30 carbon atoms; c) a modifier to improve the characteristics of the organic phase with respect to metal complex solubility to avoid third phase formation, completeness and ease of stripping, viscosity and 5. phase disengagement; and

- d) a diluent, which is selected from a non-specific aliphatic or aromatic or partly aliphatic, partly aromatic mixture of unspecified composition with a moderate boiling point range and a suitable flash point, such as Kerosene, Shellsol (various grades), Escaid (various grades), Solvesso and similar products.
- The concentration of the first extractant can be between 0.01 and 1.50 Molar, depending on the capacity required and preferably lies between 0.25 and 1.50 Molar for commercial applications.

Typical examples of the second extractant include: di-nonyl naphthalene sulphonic acid (DNNS), di-dodecyl naphthalene sulphonic acid, di-n-octyl methyl sulphonic acid and an alkyl substituted benzene sulphonic acid, all of which are commercially available or easy to synthesise.

The concentration of the second extractant may be between 0.001 to 1.0 Molar sulphonic acid, preferably between 0.10 to 0.50 Molar, the optimum being 20% to 25% of the extractant concentration and 50% to 100% of the maximum metal molarity in the organic phase.

The modifier is preferably characterized by the presence of a sterically available oxygen or nitrogen atom with lone pairs of electrons as in phenois, alcohols, esters of inorganic and organic acids, ketones, aldehydes, ethers, organic acids, amines and amides.

25 The modifier may be added at a concentration of 10% to 70% and preferably at a concentration of 20% to 40% of the total mixture.

The diluent can be added at a concentration sufficient to make up a total of 100% for the mixture.

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Extractions can be carried out in the temperature range between 10°C and 70°C and preferably between ambient and 45°C.

The aqueous pregnant feed solution to be treated can also contain moderate amounts of non-complexing cations, such as nitrate, chlorate or perchlorate, and also appreciable amounts of chloride up to a concentration of 3 Molar.

Extractions can be carried out at an aqueous pH between 0.0 and 6.0, the preferred pH depending on the objective of the extraction process. This value can readily be estimated from the results given in the Examples by those skilled in the art of solvent extraction-based separations.

Stripping of the organic phase can readily be effected with a dilute aqueous sulphuric acid solution at a concentration equal to or slightly higher than the change in the metal concentration in the aqueous strip solution during the process of stripping.

# BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is further described by way of examples with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figures 1, 2 and 3 are flow diagrams of different standard solvent extraction processes, and

Figures 4 to 11 are curves of extraction efficiency as a function of pH for different extractants, with Figures 6 to 11 relating to extractants according to the invention.

# 20 <u>DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS</u>

The invention can be applied using any standard solvent extraction apparatus, consisting of an extraction section and a single or double stripping section, with an optional washing or scrubbing section in between, and suitable to simulate standard solvent extraction flow sheets as shown in any of the flow sheets in Figures 1 to 3 respectively.

The flow sheets shown in Figures 1 to 3 are largely self-explanatory and are known in the art. They are therefore not described in detail hereinafter.

In the following examples a comparison is made of the results obtained by using organic solvent extractant mixtures according to the invention and the results obtained using other extractants. Examples 1 and 2 relate to the use of organic extraction mixtures which do not fall inside the scope of the invention while the remaining Examples illustrate results obtained using organic extraction mixtures which fall within the scope of the invention.

## Example 1:

Aqueous solutions of individual metal sulphate salts, at 0.001 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.02 Molar DNNS in an iso-decanol (30%) — Shellsol A mixture. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction. The results in Figure 4 indicate that DNNS is a non-selective extractant for divalent cations with optimum extraction in the pH range 1.00 to 3.0.

#### Example 2

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Aqueous solutions of individual metal sulphate salts, at 0.001 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.08 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) in a mixture containing 30 % iso-decanol and Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction. The results in Figure 5 indicate that, with BADI only present, only copper is extracted but from an aqueous bisulphate medium. The other metals are only partly extracted, with an obvious reversal at pH  $\geq$  3.50 when sulphate ions predominate.

# Example 3

Aqueous solutions of individual metal sulphate salts, at 0.001 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.08 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) and 0.01 Molar DNNS, in a mixture containing 30 % isodecanol and Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.

The results in Figure 6 indicate that, with both BADI and DNNS present, the metals are extracted over a wide pH range giving various opportunities for separations or purifications. One option would be the selective rejection of Zn, Mn, Mg, Ca and Pb from the other compounds presents with a basic flow sheet as shown in Figure 1, with the option of rejecting cobalt or cadmium by appropriate scrubbing (flow sheet as per Figure 2) or selective stripping (flow sheet as per Figure 3). In the absence of iron species, nickel and copper could be extracted selectively at a lower pH, with selective stripping of nickel with a flow sheet as per Figure 3. Obviously, nickel selectivity could also be obtained by prior removal of copper, e.g. by sulphide precipitation.

#### Example 4

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An aqueous solution of metal sulphates, obtained by bioleaching a nickel sulphide concentrate, after removal of dissolved iron, containing Ni (6.33 g/l), Cu (19.7 ppm), Co (86.3 ppm), Zn (3.3 ppm), Mg (589 ppm) and Mn (11.3 ppm) was contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.57 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) and 0.15 Molar DNNS in a mixture containing 41% iso-decanol in Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.

The same aqueous solution of metal sulphates was also contacted with an organic mixture containing 1.14 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) and 0.285 Molar DNNS in iso-decanol in the absence of Shellsol A.

The results in Figure 7a and 7b indicate that, in both instances, nickel can readily be separated from cobalt, zinc, magnesium and manganese using a flow sheet as per Figure 1 or 2. Copper can also be rejected using a flow sheet as per Figure 3.

### Example 5

An aqueous solution of nickel sulphate, at 0.001 Molar, was contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.08 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) and different concentrations of DNNS in a mixture of iso-decanol (30%) and Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.

The results in Figure 8 indicate that complete nickel extraction is already obtained at a DNNS concentration of 0.005 Molar. Extraction is very effective at DNNS concentrations between 0.010 and 0.040 Molar. With a large excess of DNNS, and up to 0.06 Molar for a 0.001 Molar metal concentration, complete extraction is still possible but only at a higher pH.

#### Example 6

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Aqueous solutions of nickel sulphate, at 0.001 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.1 Molar 2-( $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ -aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (R-ADI), ( $R_6$  = H,  $R_5$  = methyl, ethyl, butyl, pentyl, hexyl, octyl, ethylhexyl or decyl and  $R_5$  =  $R_6$  = ethyl), 0.010 Molar DNNS in an iso-decanol (30%) — Shellsol A mixture. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The

recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.

The results in Figure 9 indicate that very effective metal extraction can be obtained with a mono-substituted amino group, in which the substituent is an aliphatic group containing between one and six carbon atoms. With a longer chain aliphatic substituent or with a double substituted amino group, extraction is less effective, requiring a higher pH for complete extraction.

## Example 7

- Aqueous solutions of individual metal sulphate salts, at 0.001 Molar, containing also chloride at a concentration of 0.77 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.08 Molar 2-(1-butyl-aminomethyl)-1-decylimidazole (BADI) and 0.01 Molar DNNS in a mixture of iso-decanol (30%) and Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.
  - The results in Figure 10, together with those from Example 3 (Figure 6), indicate that the extraction of zinc is strongly enhanced by the presence of chloride in the aqueous phase. The extraction of copper and cobalt is only slightly enhanced and that of nickel is not affected at all. The extractability of manganese remains low and is not much affected either.
- The results show that the presence of chloride, either due to circumstances or by design, is advantageous for the selective separation of certain groups of base metals such as Cu/Zn and rejection of Ca, Mg and Mn from Ni/Co. The separation between Co and Ni is smaller but remains adequate for effective removal if the cobalt is much lower than that of nickel, which is true in most instances.

#### Example 8

30 Aqueous solutions of individual metal sulphate salts, at 0.001 Molar, were contacted with an organic mixture containing 0.08 Molar Bis(2-methyl-1-decylimidazole)amine

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(BMIA) and 0.01 Molar DNNS, in a mixture containing 70 % iso-decanol and Shellsol A. The pH of the aqueous phase was adjusted to the target value using either aqueous sulphuric acid or sodium hydroxide solutions. The residual metal concentration in the aqueous phase was determined to calculate the % extraction. Occasionally, the organic phase was contacted with aqueous 1.0 Molar sulphuric acid to strip the metals. The recovered metal in the strip solution was then also determined to calculate and verify the % extraction.

The results in Figure 11 indicate that, with BMIA and DNNS present, the metals are extracted over a wide pH range giving various opportunities for separations or purifications. One option would be the selective rejection of Mn and Mg (and probably Ca and Pb as well) from the other compounds present with a basic flow sheet as shown in Figure 1, with the option of rejecting nickel by appropriate scrubbing (flow sheet as per Figure 2) or selective stripping (flow sheet as per Figure 3). In the absence of iron species, cobalt could be recovered selectively from zinc and copper by selective stripping with a flow sheet as per Figure 3. Overall cobalt selectivity could also be obtained by prior removal of copper and zinc, e.g. by sulphide precipitation.

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# **CLAIMS**

- 1. An organic solvent extraction mixture which includes:
- a) a first extractant, which is a substituted imidazole (Diagram 1) or benzimidazole (Diagram 2)

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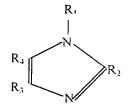


Diagram 1

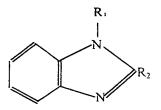


Diagram 2

and wherein the substituents are:

- R<sub>1</sub> = an organic group which has between 2 and 20 carbon atoms;
- $-R_3$  = a hydrogen atom or a short chain organic group with 1 or 2 carbon atoms:
- $R_4$  = a hydrogen atom or a short chain organic group with 1 or 2 carbon atoms;
- $R_2$  is a -2-pyridine group, a -methylene-1-pyrazole group, an imidazole based group, or a methylene-amino group as shown in Diagram 3

-CH<sub>2</sub>-N<R<sub>6</sub>

Diagram 3

and wherein

- R₅ = a hydrogen or a methyl group;
- $R_6$  = a hydrogen or an aliphatic group containing between one and 10 carbon atoms; or

- = a methylene-amino group with one of the substituents being a hydrogen or a methyl group and the other a hydrogen or an aliphatic group containing between one and 10 carbon atoms; or
- = a -2-pyridine group, or
- = a -methylene-1-pyrazole group, or
- = a 2-methyl imidazole based group;
- b) a non-selective strongly acidic cation second extractant;
- c) a modifier; and
- d) a diluent.

- 10 2. A mixture according to claim 1 wherein  $-R_6$  is a methylene-amino group as shown in Diagram 3.
  - 3. A mixture according to claim 1 or 2 wherein the concentration of the first extractant is between 0.01 and 1.50 Molar.
- 4. A mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 3 wherein the second extractant is a sulphonic acid (R-SO<sub>3</sub>H) and wherein R is an aliphatic group, an aromatic organic group or a mixed group consisting of aliphatic and aromatic parts, with between 3 and 40 carbon atoms.
  - 5. A mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the second extractant is selected from di-nonyl naphthalene sulphonic acid (DNNS), di-dodecyl naphthalene sulphonic acid, di-n-octyl methyl sulphonic acid and an alkyl substituted benzene sulphonic acid.
  - 6. A mixture according to claim 4 or 5 wherein the concentration of the second extractant is between 0.001 to 1.0 Molar sulphonic acid.
- 7. A mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 6 wherein the modifier is characterized by the presence of a sterically available oxygen or nitrogen atom with lone pairs of electrons.
  - 8. A mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 7 wherein the concentration of the modifier is between 10% and 70% of the mixture.
- 9. A mixture according to any one of claims 1 to 8 wherein the diluent is selected 30 from an aliphatic, aromatic or aliphatic aromatic mixture.

- 10. Use of the mixture of any one of claims 1 to 9 which is carried out in the temperature range between 10°C and 70°C and a pH between 0 and 6.0.
- 11. Use according to claim 10 for the treatment of an aqueous pregnant feed solution.

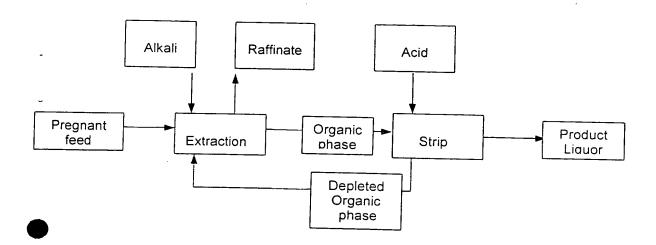


Figure 1: Basic solvent extraction flow sheet

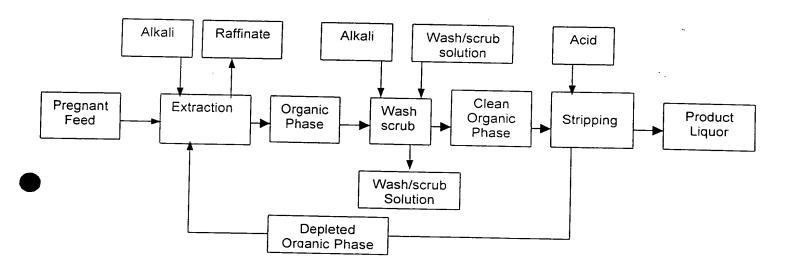


Figure 2: Solvent extraction flow sheet with wash/scrub section

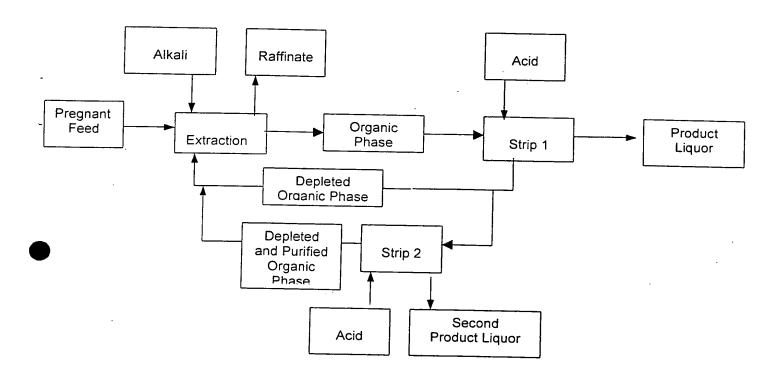


Figure 3: Solvent extraction flow sheet with second strip stage (differential stripping)

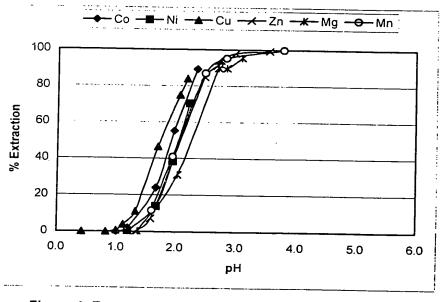


Figure 4: Extraction of individual metal ions with DNNS

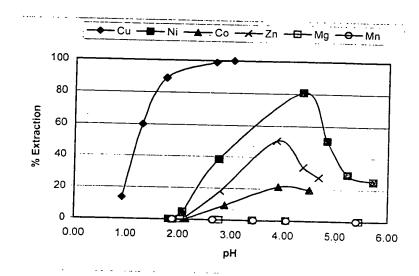


Figure 5: Extraction of individual metals with BADI in the absence of DNNS

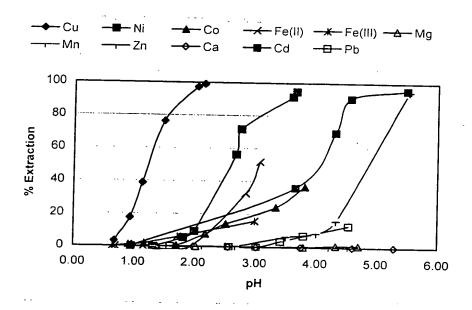


Figure 6: Extraction of individual metals with a mixture of BADI and DNNS

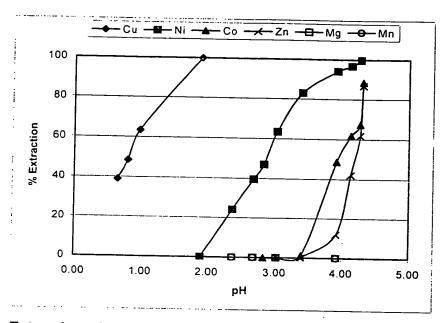


Figure 7a: Extraction of metals from a mixed aqueous solution with BADI/DNNS (0.57 Molar BADI/ 0.14 Molar DNNS)

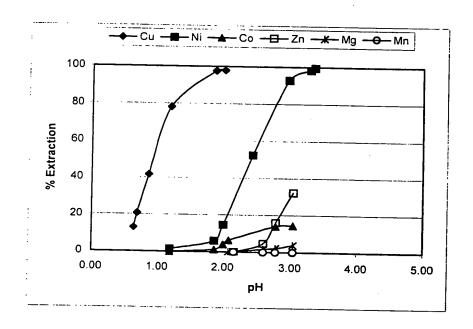


Figure 7b: Extraction of metals from a mixed aqueous solution with BADI/DNNS (1.14 Molar BADI/ 0.28Molar DNNS)

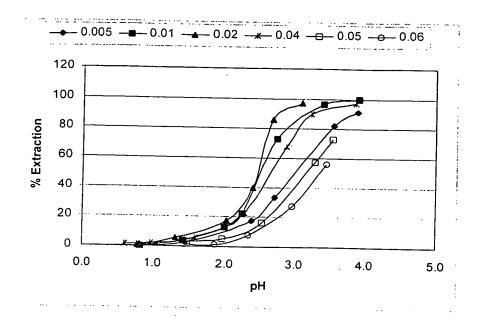


Figure 8: Extraction of nickel by BADI; influence of DNNS concentration

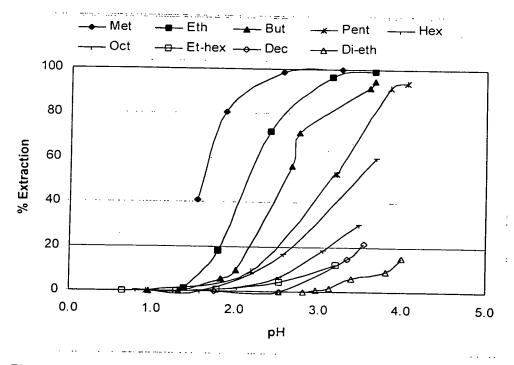


Figure 9: Effect of amino of R-ADI substituent on metal extraction

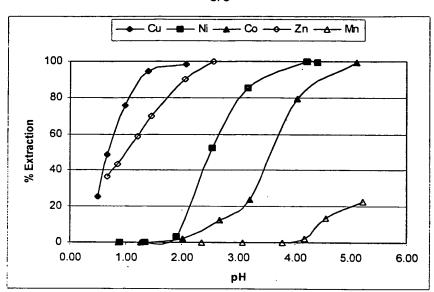


Figure 10: Extraction of metal ions with BADI/DNNS in the presence of 0.77 Molar chloride

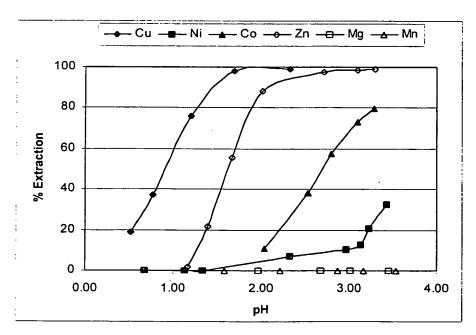


Figure 11: Extraction of individual metals with a mixture of BMIA and DNNS